

## **MISSION SANJEEVANI**

### PROTECT SECURE

• OXFAM INDIA'S COVID-19 RESPONSE IN 16 STATES •

### **101** FOOD SECURITY, NUTRITION AND LIVELIHOOD **101**



6.25.580

People received ration for one month



60.080

Ready-to-Eat meal packets distributed



**RS 5.44 CR** 

given to 12618 households



Women SHGs given livelihood trainings

### MEDICAL SAFETY AND PREVENTION

10 Oxygen Plants (With Generators)

740 Oxygen Concentrators

2,100 Oxygen Cylinders (40 Ltrs)

7,404 Oxygen Nasal Masks

2,692 Oxygen Flow Meter Regulators with Humidifier

134 BiPAP Machines

**33** Ventilators

1167 Oxygen Beds

1,04,710 Community Safety Kits 21,973 PPE Kits for Healthcare Providers

**6.534** Face Masks (NRBP)

10,000 COVID Testing Kit (VTM Kit with Swab)

**10,000** COVID Testing Kit (Rapid Antigen Detection Kit)

DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT **SUPPORT** 

143 Multi-Parameter Patient Monitors

2,495 Nebulization Machines

2,854 Pulse **Oximeters** 

932 BP Apparatuses-Manual / LED

**3,729** Digital Thermometers

### COMMUNITY OUTREACH COVID-19 MESSAGING

Over 50 lakhs people received awareness information



Mobile Vans, Wall Messaging, Adhikaar Vani Digital Platform

### ASHA Workers (Kits and Trainings)



Number of ASHA workers reached: **64,993** 

All figures as of 31 March 2022



While the presence of the Coronavirus was first known in December 2019, the World Health Organisation (WHO) declared it a pandemic only on 11 March 2020. India first imposed a Junta Curfew on 22 March 2020 and then announced a complete lockdown on 25 March 2020.

A medical emergency soon snowballed into a humanitarian disaster. Hundreds and thousands of migrant and informal sector workers were left stranded without money, jobs, and food. With no transportation available, the workers were forced to walk thousands of kilometres to reach their homes. Some lost their lives, many lost their livelihoods. The first wave of COVID-19 put the informal sector workers in focus. During the second wave in 2021, in April and May, the focus rudely shifted to the crumbling healthcare system.

Oxfam India was on the ground from day one. We were in Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Karnataka, Delhi, Bihar, Odisha, Telangana, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Chhattisgarh, Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Puducherry, Kerala and Assam. The numbers speak for themselves.

Meeting the food requirements of people, providing critical life saving medical equipment, and awareness generation outreach on COVID-19 to ensure safety of people



### INTERMEDIATE

Unconditional cash trasnfers and livelihood support

### LONG-TERM

Work with local institutions to revive work opportunities for vulnerable people and ensure concerete economic measures for the poor and vulnerable







### FOOD

Oxfam India started its response by the end of March 2020 with the distribution of hot cooked meal packets for the stranded workers in Delhi, Mumbai, and Chennai. We set up Dignity Kitchens in Kerala and Gujarat as well.

Virat Kohli's One8 Commune (restaurant) collaborated with Oxfam India to provide hot cooked meal in parts of Delhi; **6,500 PACKETS** were distributed in a fortnight.

We began delivering ration kits for some of the most marginalised families whose daily wages were impacted due to the lockdown — daily wage labourers, brick kiln workers, weavers, women auto drivers, sex workers, fisherfolk communities, cancer and leprosy patients, waste pickers, transpersons, tea garden workers, weavers, riot victims, survivors of domestic violence, sanitation workers, tiger widows of Sunderbans, nomadic tribes, alm-seekers and homeless.

The ration kits were put together to meet the nutritional requirements. The kits contained rice, flour, dal, spices, soya chunks, peanuts, cooking oil, tea, salt and sugar.

A few tweaks were made to suit the local tastes. For instance, the kit in Delhi included Rajma instead of Soybean. Similarly, the dry ration kits in Karnataka's Tumkur district contained Ragi, a staple millet in the state.



## **OPERATION 'PATHIK'**

We extended our work on different national and state highways to reach out to migrant workers who were returning to their villages and towns on foot.

Food and hygiene kits were distributed among **4,665 MIGRANT WORKERS** returning home. This was distributed on National Highways in Delhi, UP, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Bihar, and Odisha-AP border.

These kits included chiwda, sattu, biscuits, Horlicks, water, jaggery, soap, salt, Glucon-D and sanitary napkins. In

Karnataka, the kit also included ragi biscuits and chikki. Gamcha was added to the Bihar kits.

The Pathik Vans distributing the food and hygiene kits were equipped with first aid kits in case of a medical emergency.











### **MASS AWARENESS**

Mobile van campaigns were held to spread the messages in villages in UP and Bihar. While in UP we ran the mobile vans in Gorakhpur, Bahraich and Lucknow, there was a request by the state government to do similar work in other districts. A seven-day Video Van Campaign was organised in Nagpur to spread awareness about maintaining cleanliness and hygiene.

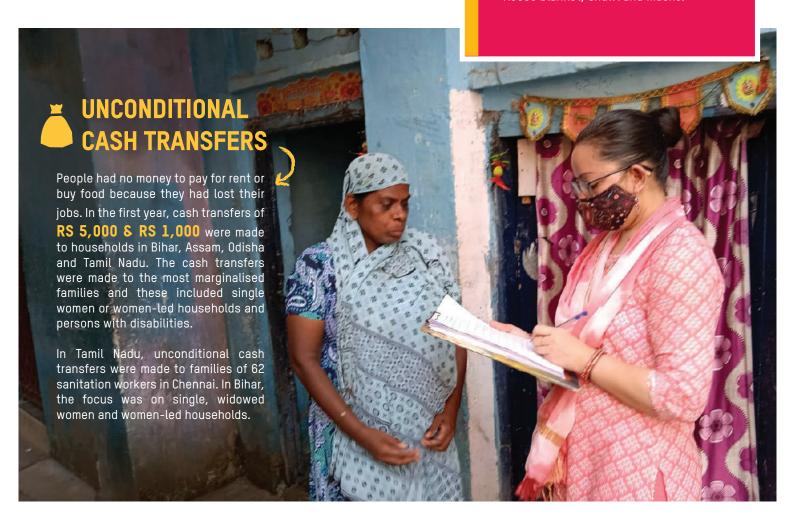
Coronavirus was an unknown disease and prevention seemed to be the best cure. **47,577 VOLUNTEERS** and **36 CSOs** were added to the WG-CAN platform for the dissemination of COVID-19 related related information; **2,97,552 MESSAGES** were sent across the country using the WG-CAN platform (software/website).

### **MENSTRUAL HEALTH**

One of the challenges women faced while walking home or even otherwise was the access to sanitary napkins during the lockdown. Sanitary napkins were distributed along with food and hygiene kits for migrant workers.

In collaboration with Niine—one of the co-sponsors of the Rajasthan Royals team in the IPL—as part of their Every Run Counts initiative, we distributed **3,600 SANITARY PADS** to young girls.

Sanitary napkins were added to the **905 WINTER KITS** distributed among the rag pickers and waste pickers community in Delhi. The kit included a fleece blanket, shawl and masks.



## 2021-22 (16 STATES)

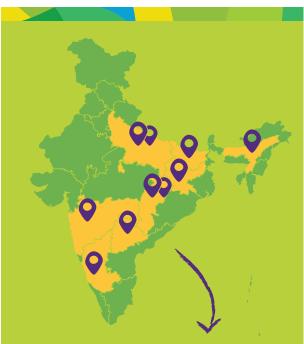
# CRITICAL LIFE SAVING MEDICAL AND DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT

The second wave of COVID-19 exposed the dismal state of healthcare. We changed tack and decided to focus our energies on strengthening the public healthcare system. We started setting up Oxygen Plants and distributing Oxygen cylinders, concentrators, nasal masks, flow meters, BiPAP machines, ventilators, ICU beds, thermometers, oximeters, multi-parameter patient monitors and COVID testing kits.

### We reached 157 district hospitals, 174 Primary Health Centres and 164 Community Health Centres in 16 states.

We set up one Covid Care Centre in Murshidabad, West Bengal. We provided paediatric medical equipment to Tiruvallur Medical College and Hospital in Tamil Nadu, and handed over paediatric support unit to Sadar Hospital in Biharsharif, Nalanda in Bihar and in Kushinagar, Uttar Pradesh.





















### **OUR FOOD DISTRIBUTION CONTINUED...**

During 2022, people were yet to recover from loss of livelihood when the second wave hit and people were left grappling with crumbling healthcare, loss of loved ones and job losses. Apart from strengthening public healthcare system, we continued distribution of food, safety and hygiene kits, and made more unconditional cash transfers.

We delivered ration kits and made cash transfers to flood-affected communities, cyclone-affected communities, out-of-work mine workers, urban slums, garment factory workers, domestic helps, Musahar community, tribal communities in very far away difficult to reach places, fisherfolk, transgenders, dholak makers, daily wage workers and nomadic tribes.

Since March 2020, we made unconditional cash transfers to 12,618 HOUSEHOLDS to the tune of RS 5.44 CR. We distributed 1,03,495 COMMUNITY SAFETY KITS and nearly 22,000 PPE KITS.





### **WOMEN SHGs**

Livelihood training and facilities were made available for Women Self Help Groups. We worked with **111 WOMEN SHGs** in Delhi, Maharashtra, West Bengal, and Assam. We conducted training on tailoring, papad making, bori-making, sanitary pad making units, food vending, goatery, vermicomposting, handlooms, and cattle rearing.



## **AWARDS & RECOGNITION**

In 2021, Oxfam India received the Mahatma award and was felicitated by UP governor Anandiben Patel for its commendable humanitarian work on COVID-19. Mission Sanjeevani received the Bronze Award NGO Segment in "CSR COVID Relief Project" at the 5th CSR Health Impact Awards.

In 2020, Oxfam India won the Gold Award at the 4th CSR Health Impact Award in Covid Relief Project (NGO) category on 22 August. The CSR Health Impact Awards is a flagship event of the Integrated Health and Wellbeing (IHW) Council, a premier think tank promoting health for all.

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Oxfam India signed an MOU with the Jharkhand State government to work together to track migrants and link them up with support systems and aids.

We worked with Uttar Pradesh's Health department to develop IEC material for mass awareness. In Bihar we worked closely with the State Health Society for the distribution of the PPE kits. We were a part of Uttar Pradesh State Disaster Management Authority's (UPSDMA) Task Force on COVID-19.

Over the last couple of years, we have received several letters of recognition from Members of Parliament, MLAs and MLCs, state ministers, Chief Ministers, communities and local leaders.





### **ABOUT OXFAM INDIA**

Oxfam India (OIN) is a movement of people working to end discrimination and create a free and just society.

We work to ensure that Adivasis, Dalits, Muslims, Women & Girls, and Informal Sector Workers have violence free lives with freedom to speak their mind, equal opportunities to realise their rights, and a discrimination free future. We research to find lasting solutions to end rising inequalities and exclusion of marginalized communities from getting decent jobs, quality free education and healthcare. We campaign with the public to demand policy changes from governments for creating a just and inclusive country as envisioned in the Indian Constitution. We mobilise support to save, protect and rebuild lives of the poorest of poor affected by crisis and humanitarian disasters.

Oxfam has been in India since 1951. It first came to India to respond to Bihar famine. In 2008, Oxfam India became an independent affiliate and an Indian NGO. Oxfam India is an autonomous Indian organisation and has staff and board members from within India. Oxfam India is a member of the global confederation of 21 Oxfams across the world. Government of India has registered Oxfam India as a non-profit organisation under Section 8 of the Indian Companies Act, 2013. (www.oxfamindia.org)

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